





# 1 Measures Taken by the New District to Promote the World-class Port

On February 18, 2021, the Municipal Party Committee and the Municipal Government issued "Opinions on Implementing the Outline of Building a Transport-Strong Nation"



Port container 30 million \$TEU%

To march into the fifth generation

worldclass
intelligent
green
international
hub port

core
shipping
area in
North
China

jointly building the
"Belt and Road
Initiative" and an
important support of
China's new pattern
of all-round opening
up

To become a

From May 27, 2021, Binhai New Area Transportation Bureau (as the leader) works with various technology service providers (as the participants) to put forward the preliminary idea of building a port-connecting platform (Tianjin Port Whole Industry Chain Logistics Digital Intelligence Project).



- On May 25, 2021, Lian Maojun, member of the Standing Committee of the Municipal Party Committee and secretary of the Binhai New Area Party Committee, went to the key project site in the bonded area to conduct an investigation and presided over the on-site promotion meeting. He came to G7
  - and encouraged the person in charge of the enterprise to give full play to its own strength in scientific and technological innovation and R&D, further enhance the core competitiveness of products, strive to build a network freight platform, and rely on the aggregation effect of the network platform to expand the market space and achieve greater development.
- From May 27, 2021 to July 14, 2021, Wang Haiyan, director of the Transportation Bureau of Tianjin, conducted onsite investigations and presided over special conferences several times to study how the network freight industry serves Tianjin Port.





## 2 Status investigation

# The goal of building an international shipping center in North China still has a lot of room for improvement in the following aspects:

## Intelligent Port

- Low site turnover rate affects the utilization of waterfront sites.
- Low efficiency of storage yard
- Information interaction in the whole process of collection, distribution

#### **Green Port**

- 70% vehicles are diesel trucks, causing environmental pollution.
- In case of special weather, the capacity will be reduced.
- Developing new energy sources and realizing the goal of "carbon peak and neutrality"

#### Safe Port

- 14,654 short-distance vehicles and 15,432 drivers
- About 50,000 vehicles per day, about 75,000 practitioners
- Regional safety, traffic, environmental protection and epidemic prevention hazards
- Optimizing short-distance, trunk line transportation organizations and Visualization of the whole process of transportation

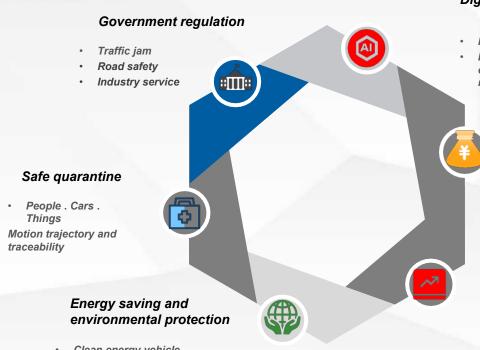
### Value added service

- Offsite settlement of trunk line freight cost(more than 80%)
- Nonlocal trade of goods and financial services (more than 60%)
- Nonlocal transportation vehicle service market (more than 90%)
- Whole chain scenario credit platformization



## 3 Platform's functional architecture

## Improving the digital intelligence level of logistics in the whole industrial chain of shipping ports.



- Clean energy vehicle
- Reducing vehicle carbon emissions

#### Digital intelligent logistics

- Fundamental general platform
- Information interaction of the whole industry chain of docks, container yards, factories, network freight goods platforms and

#### Improving efficiency and reduce cost

- Improve the site operation efficiency of the container yard, and release the transportation capacity to serve the market out of port
- Realizing leveling operations of collection, distribution and transportation at shipping ports
- Improving vehicle operation efficiency, and reducing no-load rate and waiting time
- Improving the competitiveness and revenue scale of the network freight platform

#### Value added service

- Industrial upgrading of front and rear loading vehicles
- Localization of transportation business settlement
- Domestic and abroad financial, trade and settlement services



## 4 Implementation paths

The project takes the pain point of port business (secondary storage yard) as the entry point to connect the business flow and data flow channel of port-short barge transportation-secondary storage yard-trunk line transportation-factory/ source of goods, and build the whole scenario of Tianjin port traffic and realize a virtuous circle featuring intelligent transportation, green freight transportation, business cost reduction, transportation efficiency improvement, port throughput improvement, shipping industry agglomeration, traffic congestion reduction, etc.

## Port-connecting digital intelligence platform

#### Informationization innovation platform

Realizing the whole process visualization of logistics through informationization platform.

<u>Trunk line</u> movement

010

Container yard



#### Digital industrial chain

The whole process of participation, analysis, automation of process and integration management along the upstream and downstream of the digital industrial chain

In-port transportation

Wharf





#### Interconnected source of goods/distribution center transportation pool guarantee, helping to provide safe and efficient

services

Source of

goods/Distribution center

## Interconnected bulk cargo vehicle

Real-time analysis, help to complete vehicle scheduling better Pre and post vehicle market

#### Interconnected container yard

Intensification of storage yard
Digital intelligent management of
container management and container
devanning & unloading
Better improving efficiency and reducing
cost.

## Interconnected container truck

Real-time monitoring and analysis to help manage vehicles, drivers, operations and compliance

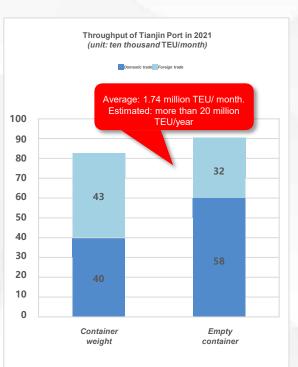
#### Interconnected port

Extending the information pool to help better arrange wharf operations

Interconnected regulatory departments

Big data support can better provide regulatory authorities with regulatory information

## 5 Plan effects



Data source: Estimated according to the actual data in the period from January to July, 2021

### Status quo

At present, there are 14,654 short-distance vehicles with 15,432 drivers, and the actual theoretical demand is 7,700 vehicles with 15,400 drivers.



ltem	Container type	Container quantity (TEU/month) Vehicle demand (unit)					
		Domestic trade	Foreign trade	Domestic trade	Foreign trade		
Container weight	20'(70%)	279,100	300,900	1,861	2,006		
	40'(30%)	59,807	64,479	399	430		
Empty container	20'(70%)	407,600	227,100	1,359	757		
	40'(30%)	87,343	48,664	582	324		

#### Conditions set for calculation:

- Container type proportion: 20'/40' =70%/30%
- Vehicle configuration: loaded container and 40'empty container (one container per truck), empty container (two 20'per truck).
- Driver configuration: 2 drivers per truck (two shifts)
- Transportation frequency: 5 rounds/day

## After the implementation of the plan

<Realizing leveling operation>



#### ① Solving traffic congestion.

Waiting time ↓down by 50%(from 2 hours→1 hour)

#### 2 Increasing transportation frequency

• 5 rounds/day→7 rounds/day

#### ③Releasing transport capacity under the current workload

- Demand: 5500 trucks
- Released 9,154 trucks and 4,432 drivers

## Released transport capacity increases throughput.

- After implementation of the plan: 5,500 trucks can transport containers as many as 20.88 million TEU/year
- Released transport capacity can meet the demand of increasing the throughput capacity of 8 million TEU/ year or more and other trunk line transportation needs



## 5 Plan effects

The project cooperates with the Transport Global Practice of the World Bank and the iCET



# to establish a low-carbon logistics platform.

- Through the digital intelligent platform of port-connecting logistics, the operation will be leveled and the transportation capacity will be improved
- Clean energy vehicles are introduced

20.88 million TEU/ year (5,500 trucks)→30 million TEU/ year (about 7,900 trucks)

 Transport interval (km/round trip)
 Transportation volume (km/year)
 Transportation volume (km/year)

 Secondary yard-wharf
 10
 20184500
 201845000



Clean energy vehicle

Fuel consumption coefficient	Fuel consumption (L/year)	Carbon emission coefficient	Carbon emission (T/year)
45 L/100km	90830250	2.63 kg/L	238883.56

Carbon emission (T/year)	
0.00	

Emission reduction (T/year) 238884



## 6 Project progress

Preliminary investigation

Low carbon platform

Operating subject

Plan communication

The preliminary investigation about the project has been completed gathered leading technological enterprises including G7, Taiwei, Baishi, Jumeng Gongjian, Didi Freight and TuSimple to establish an industrial alliance.

Cooperated with the Transport Global Practice of the World Bank and the iCET to build a "low-carbon logistics platform" Reached agreement with Binhai Industry Fund on equity structure and cooperation with the Ministry of Transport and China Transport Telecommunications & Information Center On September 2, 2021, we communicated with Tianjin Port Group. Next, both sides will jointly analyze and promote the solution plan in a comprehensive way

# 1 Lin-Gang Barge Transport Project





## 1 Project Description

At present, Tianjin Free Trade Zone (Lin-Gang) does not have the functions of empty container yard and congregation of goods in port and the transportation in this process needs to move back and forth between Tianjin Free Trade Zone (Lin-Gang) and Tianjin Port, and the transport routes mainly include picking up container, congregation of goods in port, picking up empty container and returning empty container. This part of transportation adopts automobile transport mode.

#### To reduce the overall transportation cost



- Giving full play to the wharf resources of Tianjin Free Trade Zone(Lin-Gang)
- The barge function from Lin-Gang to Xin-Gang wharf has been opened



Effect of the scheme: reducing emission of up to 9,609 tons/year

Transport interval	Transportation mileage (km/round trip)	Transportation volume (container/year)	Transportation volume (round/year)	Transportation volume (km/year)	Fuel consumption coefficient	Fuel consumption	Carbon emission coefficient	n Carbon emission (Tlyear)
Tianjin Port-Lin-Gang (land transportation)	60	182,500	182,500	10950000	45 L/100km	4,927,500 L/year	2.63 kg/L	12959
Tianjin Port-Lin-Gang (sea transportation)	60	182,500	1825	109500	3000kg/day	1095000 kg/year	3.06 kg/kg	3351
,							down:	9609